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Genders and
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# CRGS Issue 14 Kuírlombo Epistemologies CRGS Special Issue Genders and Sexualities in Brazil

#### **About**

The title for this Special Issue was inspired by the work of poet, literary scholar and writer Tatiana Nascimento, and the poet formiga (both of whom have work featured in this Special Issue). The word kuírlombo is a play on the words quilombo and cuir. The word quilombo is the word maroon, palenque and cumbe in English, Spanish and Portuguese respectively. The word cimarrón (Spanish), marron (French), quilombola (Portuguese) refers to the people who liberated themselves from enslavement. Quilombo comes from the word Kilombo, which is from the Kimbundu language of the Ngola nation of the Congo.

In Eurocentric historical texts written about the Americas, these communities are referred to as runaway slave communities. In fact, they were societies of people, many of whom liberated themselves from enslavement, and were (what we would call today) multiracial and multiethnic societies given the type of democratic (for lack of a better word) societies that they created. As a result of the democratic social and religious structures that emerged in these communities, they were often implicitly/explicitly anti-capitalist. Members of these communities were living another vision of social order in the face of the oppressive societies established by various forms of European colonialism in the Americas.

Abdias do Nascimento, one of the key figures in the founding of contemporary Brazilian Black Studies, defined Kilombismo as a competing vision of social organization that emerged from the political and economic engagement of Africans in the Americas. It is an Afrocentric perspective that Nascimento argued is reflected in movements such as the Haitian Revolution, Garveyism and the Pan-African movement. Kilombismo is a form of African resistance centred on building free communities rooted in economic, political, social and cultural structures that are rooted in African cultural legacies.

Read more: https://sta.uwi.edu/cras/index.asp

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